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**London** - England's capital was first built by the Romans under the Latin name *Londonium*. There are many things to do here. Located in Greater London.

[www.londonforfun.com](http://www.londonforfun.com)

6

**Hadrian's Wall & Housesteads Fort** - This huge wall extends from Carlisle on the Atlantic seaboard to the North Sea coast in Newcastle-upon-Tyne, and was used as a border to mark the extent of the Roman Empire. Located in Bardon Mill, Hexam, Northumberland.

[www.hadrians-wall.org](http://www.hadrians-wall.org)  
[www.nationaltrust.org.uk](http://www.nationaltrust.org.uk)

7

**Bridgend** - Archeological excavations revealed several milestones dedicated to Roman emperors and two Roman roads near Bridgend, suggesting that it was a Roman colony. Located in Vale of Glamorgan, Wales.

[www.roman-britain.org/places/bomium.htm](http://www.roman-britain.org/places/bomium.htm)

Roman - British history started in 55 BC when Julius Caesar invaded Britain. However, he did not stay for very long, as the Britons were difficult to handle.

In 10 AD the Britons become free of Roman rule, but British leaders preferred to copy the Roman way of living, since Roman villas, coins, and roads provided a better way of living.

After nearly 33 years of freedom from the Romans, the Britons were invaded again in 43 AD. The Romans were in complete control of Britain, until Queen Boudicea of the Iceni tribe in East Anglia revolted against Roman rule. She terrorized Roman colonies until she was eventually defeated by the Roman army and committed suicide.

In 122 AD, after failed attempts to conquer the Picts and Scots, the Romans started work on Hadrian's Wall to keep the "Barbarians" of Scotland out. Soon, in 125 AD, the Romans gave Britons the chance to join the Roman army, and become rich afterwards. Then Rome allowed all free Britons to become Roman citizens, giving them the same rights that Romans had.

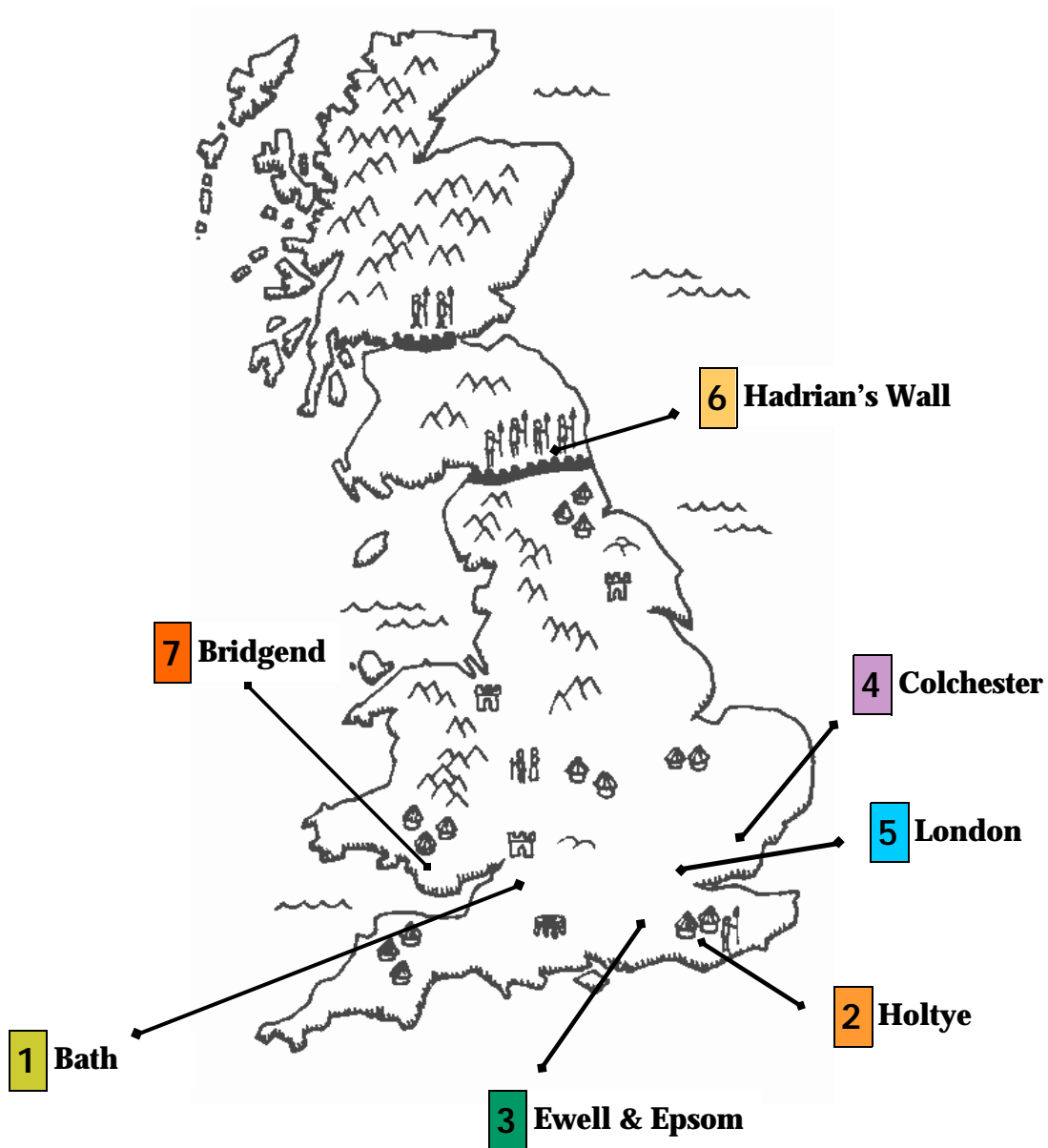
In 367 AD, the Romans left Britain as their empire in Europe weakened, and things in Britain changed for the worse. The Britons were left to deal with the Scottish, Pict, Irish, and Saxon invaders on their own.

In case you were wondering, I decided to create this pamphlet because there are many untouched Roman corners in Great Britain for all to explore and enjoy. I hope you have use for this pamphlet, as you and your family will definitely enjoy our listed sites.

## A Guide to Roman Sightseeing in Britain



by Christopher Hooper  
 Grade 6



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**Bath** - Bath is an ancient city known for its beautiful architecture and age-old Roman spas. Located in Bath & N.E. Somerset, England.

[www.cityofbath.co.uk](http://www.cityofbath.co.uk)

2

**Holtye** - This city was an iron-working settlement, since it was close to eight iron mines and a major Roman road. Located in Sussex, England.

[www.yeoldesussexpages.co.uk](http://www.yeoldesussexpages.co.uk)

3

**Ewell & Epsom** - Ewell & Epsom were settlements close to a Roman road. Located in Surrey, England.

[www.nonsuchas.org.uk](http://www.nonsuchas.org.uk)

4

**Colchester** - This city has a castle and four museums celebrating its importance in Britain's history. Located in Essex, England.

[www.colchestermuseums.org.uk](http://www.colchestermuseums.org.uk)